



BK BIRLA CENTRE FOR EDUCATION
SARALA BIRLA GROUP OF SCHOOLS
SENIOR SECONDARY CO-ED DAY CUM BOYS' RESIDENTIAL SCHOOL



MID TERM EXAMINATION 2024-25
BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION (833)

Class : **XI SCIENCE/COMMERCE**
Date : **16/09/2024**
Name : _____

Duration: **3 hrs.**
Max. Marks: **60**
Exam No.:

General Instructions:

1. Please read the instructions carefully.
2. This Question Paper consists of **24 questions** in two sections – Section A and Section B.
3. Section A has Objective type questions whereas Section B contains Subjective type questions.
4. **Out of the given (6 + 18 = 24) questions, candidate has to answer (6+11=17) questions in the allotted (maximum) time of 3 hours.**
5. All questions of a particular section must be attempted in the correct order.
6. **SECTION A - OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS (30 MARKS):**
 - i. This section has **06 questions**.
 - ii. There is no negative marking.
 - iii. Do as per the instructions given.
 - iv. Marks allotted are mentioned against each question/part.
7. **SECTION B – SUBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS (30 MARKS):**
 - i. This section contains **18 questions**.
 - ii. A candidate has to do **11 questions**.
 - iii. Do as per the instructions given.
 - iv. Marks allotted are mentioned against each question/part

SECTION A: OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS

Q.1	Answer <u>any4</u> out of the given 6 questions	(1×4=4 marks)
i	The activities which are performed to earn livelihood are called	
	a) Religious activity b) Economic activity c) Human activity d) None of these	
ii	The economic activity which requires specialized knowledge and skill to render services are called	
	a) Profession b) Business c) Employment d) None of these	
iii	The element of risk is highest in	
	a) Economic activity b) Business c) Services d) None of these	
iv	The occupation in which people work for others and get remunerated in return is known as:	
	a) Business b) Employment c) Profession d) None of these	
v	The industries which provide support services to other industries are known as :	
	a) Primary industries b) Secondary industries c) Commercial industries d) Tertiary industries	
viRemoves the hindrance of risk:	
	a) Trade b) Insurance c) Transportation d) Advertising	

Q.2	Answer <u>any 5</u> out of the given 7 questions	(1×5 =5 marks)
i	The positive factors of business are called as	
	a) Strength b) Threat c) Opportunity d) None of these	
ii are the factors that negatively affect the business	
	a) Weaknesses b) Opportunities c) Threats d) None of these	
iii	“The Trade Unions Act, 1926”.It’s an example of.....	
	a) Technological environment b) Legal environment c) Social environment d) Political environment	
iv is the life blood of any business.	
	a) Capital/Finance b) Brand image c) Work environment d) None of these	
vrefers to integration of our economy with the world economy.	
	a) Liberalization b) Privatization c) Globalization d) None of these	
vi	State the meaning of business.	
vii	Machinery imported from China was further sold to Nepal. It is:	
	a) Entrepot b) Import c) Export d) None of these	

Q.3	Answer <u>any 6</u> out of the given 7 questions	(1×6 =6marks)
i	Give two examples of Non-Economic activities.	
ii	What are the branches of Commerce?	
iii	In SWOT analysis, Alphabet ‘O’ stands for: a) Outstanding b) Opinion c) Organisations d) Opportunities	
iv	Name the type of activity wherein a Lawyer is engaged in his legal practice.	
v	Name the trade where goods are bought from foreign countries.	
vi	What is meant by business environment?	
vii	‘Increase in the use of mobile phones and i-pods instead of pagers and radio’ refers to an example of key component of general environment of business .Identify the component.	

Q.4	Answer <u>any 5</u> out of the given 6 questions	(1×5 =5 marks)
i	Apartner contributes capital, shares profit & losses, has unlimited liability but does not participate in managing the day to day activities of business: a) Active partner b) Sleeping partner c) Nominal partner d) secret partner	
ii	A partnership firm may be registered under the Partnership Act..... a) 1949 b) 1932 c) 1956 d) 2013	
iii	What is meant by Product?	
iv	A minimum ofpersons are required to form a co-operative society: a)2 b) 5 c) 7 d) 10	
v	Which form of organisation is owned and controlled by a single owner?	
vi	In cooperative society , the principle followed is: a) One share one vote b) One man one vote c) No votes d) Multiple votes	

Q.5	Answer <u>any 5</u> out of the given 6 questions	(1×5 =5 marks)
i	The capital of a company is divided into number of parts each one of which is called: a) Dividend b) Profit c) Interest d) Share	
ii	The board of directors of a joint stock company is elected by: a) General public b) Government bodies c) Shareholders d) employees	
iii	Which of the following statements is not true for the sole proprietorship form of organisation? a) Quick decision making b) separate legal entity c) Ease of formation and closure d) Confidentiality of information	

iv	According to section 464 of the Companies Act 2013, maximum number of partners in a partnership firm can be to the number prescribed by the Government. a) 20 b) 50 c) 100 d) 10
v	Which form of business organization has voluntary membership and is created for the welfare of its members?
vi	A partner who does not have any interest in the partnership business but lends his name to the firm is called: a) Active partner b) Sleeping partner c) Nominal partner d) Secret partner

Q.6	Answer <u>any 5</u> out of the given 6 questions (1×5 =5 marks)
i	“Allowing Coca Cola to operate in India.” This is an example of a key component of the business environment. Name the component discussed in give case.
ii	Which element of business environment is shaped by beliefs and customs of people? a) Legal environment b) Economic environment c) Social environment d) Political environment
iii	Who undertakes the management and control of the affairs of the company on behalf of its owners? a) The Board of Directors b) Departmental Heads c) Managing Directors d) Vice President
iv	The understanding of business environment helps the managers to identify 'threats'. What is meant by 'threats' here?
v	“Member may come and members may go but the company continues to exist”. Identify the related feature of joint stock
vi	What is the meaning of Legal Environment?

SECTIONB: SUBJECTIVETYPEQUESTIONS

	Answer <u>any 3</u> out of the given 5 questions in 20-30 words each (2×3=6 marks)
Q.7	What is meant by ‘Partnership at will’? Explain.
Q.8	Identify the appropriate Dimensions of business environment highlighted in given statement: i. It describes characteristics of technology in which business firms operate. ii. It describes framework of laws and legislations within business firms operate.
Q.9	What is meant by ‘Partner by estoppel’?
Q.10	What is meant by Industry and Commerce?
Q.11	What do you understand by trade? State types of trade.

	Answer <u>any 3</u> out of the given 5 questions in 20-30 words each (2×3= 6 marks)
Q.12	Neel, a student of class XI often goes in the evenings to buy registers, pens, chart papers, etc., from a small neighborhood stationery store. i. State the form of business organisation is Neel most likely to have interested with. ii. State any one feature of such form of organisation.
Q.13	Define 'Partnership' as per the Indian Partnership Act, 1932. Why does a sole proprietor find partnership a viable option when s/he wants to expand the business?
Q.14	"Business environment offers both opportunities as well as threats.' Do you agree with give statement? Briefly Discuss it with the help of example.
Q.15	Enumerate classification of Consumers : (i) Loyal consumers (ii) Discount consumers
Q.16	What is Partnership Deed? State its main contents.

	Answer <u>any 2</u> out of the given 3 questions in 30-50 words each (3×2= 6 marks)
Q.17	Discuss the meaning of 'Genetic and Extractive' industries with the help of examples.
Q.18	Give any three points of difference between business and employment.
Q.19	Explain SWOT analysis and State two advantages of it.

	Answer <u>any 3</u> out of the given 5 questions in 50-80 words each (4×3= 12 marks)
Q.20	Discuss any four advantages of sole proprietorship.
Q.21	Distinguish between Product and Services on the basis of: i. Who comes to whom ii. Quality iii. Tangibility iv. Scalability
Q.22	Explain stages in formation of company.
Q.23	Explain Memorandum of Association and Article of Association.
Q.24	Distinguish between a private company and a public company on the basis of: i. Number of members ii. Name must include iii. Number of directors iv. Transfer of share